

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG67285 anti-Histone H3 monomethyl (Lys4) antibody [3A03]

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Monoclonal antibody [3A03] recognizes Histone H3 monomethyl (Lys4)

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 3A03

Isotype IgG,Kappa

Target Name Histone H3

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Histone H3/f; Histone H3/l; Histone H3/d; Histone H3/l; Histone H3/l; Histone H3/l; Histone H3/l;

Histone H3/j; Histone H3/k; Histone H3/h; H3/A; H3FA; Histone H3/i

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution |
|-------------------|--|------------------|
| | ICC/IF | 1:200 -1:1000 |
| | IHC-P | 1:5000 - 1:20000 |
| | WB | 1:2000 - 1:10000 |
| Application Note | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A

Buffer PBS, 0.05% Proclin 300, 50% Glycerol and 0.05% BSA

Preservative 0.05% Proclin 300

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol and 0.05% BSA

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol HIST1H3A

Gene Full Name histone cluster 1, H3a

Background Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the

chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. This structure consists of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a nucleosome, an octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H3 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails; instead, they contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]

Function Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA

accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called

histone code, and nucleosome remodeling. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 15 kDa