

ARG66066 anti-EGF antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes EGF
Tested Reactivity	Ms
Tested Application	ELISA, Neut, WB
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
lsotype	IgG
Target Name	EGF
Species	Mouse
Immunogen	E. coli derived recombinant Mouse EGF. (NSYPGCPSSY DGYCLNGGVC MHIESLDSYT CNCVIGYSGD RCQTRDLRWW ELR)
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Urogastrone; Pro-epidermal growth factor; URG; HOMG4; EGF

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Sandwich: 0.5 - 2.0 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ with ARG66067 as a detection antibody
	Neut	3.0 - 5.0 ng/ml (To yield [ND50] of the biological activity of Murine EGF (0.1 ng/ml))
	WB	0.1 - 0.2 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate should be determined b	recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations y the scientist.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.2)
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 13645 Mouse Swiss-port # P01132 Mouse Swiss-port # P01132 Mouse Gene Symbol Egf Gene Full Name epidermal growth factor Background This gene encodes a member of the epidermal growth factor superfamily. The encoded protein is synthesized as a large precursor molecule that is proteolytically cleaved to generate the 53-amino acid epidermal growth factor peptide. This protein acts a potent mitogenic factor that plays an important role in the growth, proliferation and differentiation of numerous cell types. This protein acts by binding the high affinity cell surface receptor, epidermal growth factor receptor. Defects in this gene are the cause of hypomagnesemia type 4. Dysregulation of this gene has been associated with the growth and progression of certain cancers. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, May 2010] Function EGF stimulates the growth of various epidermal and epithelial tissues in vivo and in vitro and of some fibroblasts in cell culture. Magnesiotropic hormone that stimulates magnesium reabsorption in the renal distal convoluted tubule via engagement of EGFR and activation of the magnesium channel TRPM6. Can induce neurite outgrowth in motoneurons of the pond snail Lymnaea stagnalis in vitro. [UniProt] Calculated Mw 134 kDa PTM O-glycosylated with core 1-like and core 2-like glycans. It is uncertain if Ser-954 or Thr-955 is O-glycosylated. The modification here shows glycan heterogeneity: HexHexNAc (major) and Hex2HexNAc2 (minor).		
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Images



ARG66066 anti-EGF antibody WB image

Western blot: 250 - 0.24 ng of Mouse EGF stained with ARG66066 anti-EGF antibody, under non-reducing conditions.



ARG66066 anti-EGF antibody standard curve image

Sandwich ELISA: ARG66066 anti-EGF antibody as a capture antibody at 0.5 - 2.0 μ g/ml combined with ARG66067 anti-EGF antibody (Biotin) as a detection antibody. Results of a typical standard run with optical density reading at 405 - 650 nm.



ARG66066 anti-EGF antibody WB image

Western blot: 250 - 0.24 ng of Mouse EGF stained with ARG66066 anti-EGF antibody, under reducing conditions.