

ARG65816 anti-EphA3 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes EphA3
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Predict Reactivity	Bov, Chk, Dog, Pig, Zfsh
Tested Application	WB
Specificity	Recognizes endogenous levels of EphA3 protein.
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	EphA3
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide around the C-terminus of Human EphA3.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	ETK1; HEK4; Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor ETK1; Tyrosine-protein kinase TYRO4; EPH-like kinase 4; Eph-like tyrosine kinase 1; Ephrin type-A receptor 3; hEK4; Human embryo kinase; TYRO4; ETK; EK4; EC 2.7.10.1; HEK

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:500 - 1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recomm should be determined by the sci	ended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations entist.

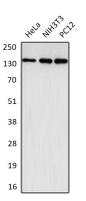
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Buffer	Liquid (pH 7.3), 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% NaCl, 0.01% Sodium azide and 30% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.01% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	30% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links	GenelD: 2042 Human
	GenelD: 29210 Rat
	Swiss-port # O08680 Rat
	Swiss-port # P29320 Human
Gene Symbol	EPHA3
Gene Full Name	EPH receptor A3
Background	This gene belongs to the ephrin receptor subfamily of the protein-tyrosine kinase family. EPH and EPH- related receptors have been implicated in mediating developmental events, particularly in the nervous system. Receptors in the EPH subfamily typically have a single kinase domain and an extracellular region containing a Cys-rich domain and 2 fibronectin type III repeats. The ephrin receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands. This gene encodes a protein that binds ephrin-A ligands. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously membrane-bound ephrin family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Highly promiscuous for ephrin-A ligands it binds preferentially EFNA5. Upon activation by EFNA5 regulates cell-cell adhesion, cytoskeletal organization and cell migration. Plays a role in cardiac cells migration and differentiation and regulates the formation of the atrioventricular canal and septum during development probably through activation by EFNA1. Involved in the retinotectal mapping of neurons. May also control the segregation but not the guidance of motor and sensory axons during neuromuscular circuit development. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	110 kDa
РТМ	Autophosphorylates upon activation by EFNA5. Phosphorylation on Tyr-602 mediates interaction with NCK1. Dephosphorylated by PTPN1.

Images



ARG65816 anti-EphA3 antibody WB image

Western blot: HeLa, NIH3T3 and PC12 whole cell lysates stained with ARG65816 anti-EphA3 antibody.