

Product datasheet

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ARG64665 anti-SLC10A2 / ASBT antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes SLC10A2 / ASBT

Tested Reactivity Ms
Tested Application WB
Host Goat

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name SLC10A2 / ASBT

Species Mouse

Immunogen C-DETNKGFQPDEK

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Ileal sodium/bile acid cotransporter; ASBT; NTCP2; Apical sodium-dependent bile acid transporter;

PBAM; Ileal sodium-dependent bile acid transporter; IBAT; Ileal Na; Solute carrier family 10 member 2;

Na; Sodium/taurocholate cotransporting polypeptide, ileal; ISBT

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	0.5 - 1.5 μg/ml
Application Note	WB: Recommend incubate at RT for 1h. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purified from goat serum by antigen affinity chromatography.

Buffer Tris saline (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.5% BSA

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 20494 Mouse</u>

Swiss-port # P70172 Mouse

Gene Symbol Slc10a2

Gene Full Name solute carrier family 10, member 2

Background This gene encodes a sodium/bile acid cotransporter. This transporter is the primary mechanism for

uptake of intestinal bile acids by apical cells in the distal ileum. Bile acids are the catabolic product of cholesterol metabolism, so this protein is also critical for cholesterol homeostasis. Mutations in this gene cause primary bile acid malabsorption (PBAM); muatations in this gene may also be associated with other diseases of the liver and intestines, such as familial hypertriglyceridemia (FHTG). [provided

by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

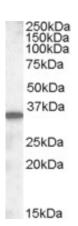
Function Plays a critical role in the sodium-dependent reabsorption of bile acids from the lumen of the small

intestine. Plays a key role in cholesterol metabolism (By similarity). [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Metabolism antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 38 kDa

Images



ARG64665 anti-SLC10A2 / ASBT antibody WB image

Western blot: Mouse Small Intestine lysate (35 μg protein in RIPA buffer) stained with ARG64665 anti-SLC10A2 / ASBT antibody at 0.5 $\mu g/ml$ dilution.