

ARG63786 anti-COMT antibody

Package: 100 µg
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes COMT
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Predict Reactivity	Ms, Rat, Dog
Tested Application	WB
Specificity	This antibody is expected to recognise both reported isoforms. Variants (NP_000745.1; NP_001128633.1; NP_001128634.1) encode the same isoform.
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	COMT
Species	Human
Immunogen	GDTKEQRILNHVLQC
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	EC 2.1.1.6; Catechol O-methyltransferase; HEL-S-98n

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	0.3 - 1 µg/ml
Application Note	WB: Recommend incubate at RT for 1h. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purified from goat serum by antigen affinity chromatography.
Buffer	Tris saline (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	0.5% BSA
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Database links	GeneID: 1312 Human Swiss-port # P21964 Human
Background	Catechol-O-methyltransferase catalyzes the transfer of a methyl group from S-adenosylmethionine to catecholamines, including the neurotransmitters dopamine, epinephrine, and norepinephrine. This O-methylation results in one of the major degradative pathways of the catecholamine transmitters. In addition to its role in the metabolism of endogenous substances, COMT is important in the metabolism of catechol drugs used in the treatment of hypertension, asthma, and Parkinson disease. COMT is found in two forms in tissues, a soluble form (S-COMT) and a membrane-bound form (MB-COMT). The differences between S-COMT and MB-COMT reside within the N-termini. Several transcript variants are formed through the use of alternative translation initiation sites and promoters. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2008]
Research Area	Metabolism antibody; Neuroscience antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody
Calculated Mw	30 kDa
PTM	The N-terminus is blocked.

Images



ARG63786 anti-COMT antibody WB image

Western Blot: human testis lysate (35µg protein in RIPA buffer) with ARG63786 anti-COMT antibody (0.3µg/ml).