

ARG63467 anti-ATF5 antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes ATF5	
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat	
Tested Application	WB	
Host	Goat	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Isotype	lgG	
Target Name	ATF5	
Species	Human	
Immunogen	EVYKARSQRTRSC	
Conjugation	Un-conjugated	
Alternate Names	HMFN0395; cAMP-dependent transcription factor ATF-5; Cyclic AMP-dependent transcription factor ATF-5; Activating transcription factor 5; Transcription factor ATFx; ATFX	

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1 - 3 μg/ml
Application Note	WB: Recommend incubate at RT for 1h. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

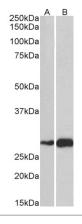
Form	Liquid	
Purification	Purified from goat serum by antigen affinity chromatography.	
Buffer	Tris saline (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.	
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide	
Stabilizer	0.5% BSA	
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.	
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.	

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	ATF5		
Gene Full Name	activating transcription factor 5		
Function	Transcriptional activator which binds the cAMP response element (CRE) (consensus:		
	5'-GTGACGT[AC][AG]-3'), a sequence present in many viral and cellular promoters and blocks the		
	differentiation of neuroprogenitor cells into neurons. Its transcriptional activity is enhanced by CCND3		
	and slightly inhibited by CDK4. [UniProt]		
Research Area	Gene Regulation antibody		
Calculated Mw	31 kDa		
PTM	Ubiquitinated by CDC34 and UBE2B in order to be degraded by the proteasome. Cisplatin inhibits		
	ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation by inhibiting the interaction with CDC34		
	(PubMed:18458088). Ubiquitination and degradation by the proteasome are inhibited by NLK in a kinase-		
	independent manner (PubMed:25512613).		
	Phosphorylated by NLK, probably at Ser-92, Thr-94, Ser-126 and Ser-190.		
	Acetylated at Lys-29 by EP300, the acetylation enhances the interaction with CEBPB, DNA-binding and		
	transactivation activity.		

Images

150	0kDa 0kDa 0kDa	ARG63467 anti-ATF5 antibody WB image
75k	(Du	Western Blot: Human Heart lyssate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer) stained with ARG63467 anti-ATF5 antibody at 1.5 µg/ml dilution.
50k	kDa	
37k	kDa	
25k	кDа	
20k	кDа	
15k	Da	



ARG63467 anti-ATF5 antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 μg of Mouse (A) and Rat (B) skeletal muscle lysates (in RIPA buffer) stained with ARG63467 anti-ATF5 antibody at 1 $\mu g/ml$ dilution and incubated at RT for 1 hour.