

## ARG62995 anti-GH1 / Growth hormone antibody [GH-45]

Package: 100 µg

Store at: -20°C

### Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [GH-45] recognizes GH1 / Growth hormone
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC-P
Specificity	The clone GH-45 reacts with human growth hormone (hGH), a polypeptide hormone synthesized by acidophilic or somatotrophic cells of the anterior pituitary gland. The GH-45 antibody reacts with affinity constant $3.8 \times 10^{10}$ l/mol; it does not bind human prolactin or any other pituitary hormones.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	GH-45
Isotype	IgG1
Target Name	GH1 / Growth hormone
Species	Human
Immunogen	Human growth hormone.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	GH-N; Somatotropin; IGHD1B; Growth hormone; Growth hormone 1; Pituitary growth hormone; GHN; hGH-N; GH

### Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent
	IHC-P	5 - 10 µg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

### Properties

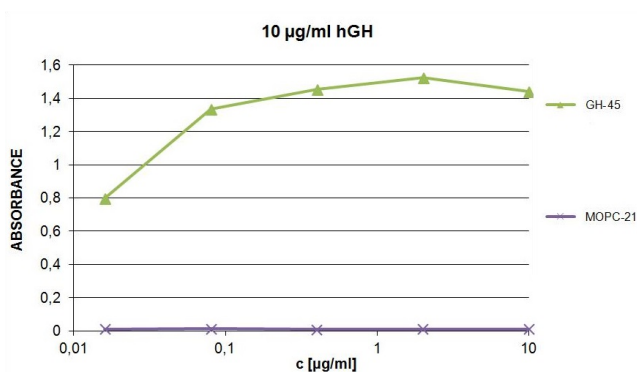
Form	Liquid
Purification	Purified from ascites by protein-A affinity chromatography.
Purity	> 95% (by SDS-PAGE)
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4) and 15 mM Sodium azide
Preservative	15 mM Sodium azide

Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

Database links	<a href="#">GeneID: 2688 Human</a> <a href="#">Swiss-port # P01241 Human</a>
Gene Symbol	GH1
Gene Full Name	growth hormone 1
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the somatotropin/prolactin family of hormones which play an important role in growth control. The gene, along with four other related genes, is located at the growth hormone locus on chromosome 17 where they are interspersed in the same transcriptional orientation; an arrangement which is thought to have evolved by a series of gene duplications. The five genes share a remarkably high degree of sequence identity. Alternative splicing generates additional isoforms of each of the five growth hormones, leading to further diversity and potential for specialization. This particular family member is expressed in the pituitary but not in placental tissue as is the case for the other four genes in the growth hormone locus. Mutations in or deletions of the gene lead to growth hormone deficiency and short stature. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Plays an important role in growth control. Its major role in stimulating body growth is to stimulate the liver and other tissues to secrete IGF-1. It stimulates both the differentiation and proliferation of myoblasts. It also stimulates amino acid uptake and protein synthesis in muscle and other tissues. [UniProt]
Research Area	Developmental Biology antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody
Calculated Mw	25 kDa

## Images



ARG62995 anti-GH1 / Growth hormone antibody [GH-45] ELISA image

ELISA: Human growth hormone using ARG62995 anti-GH1 / Growth hormone antibody [GH-45]. Compared with [ARG65323](#) Mouse IgG1 Kappa Isotype Control antibody [MOPC-21].