

ARG59508 anti-Kisspeptin antibody

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes Kisspeptin
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms
Tested Application	IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	Kisspeptin
Species	Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 24-138 of Human Kisspeptin. (REAAPGNHGRSAGRG)
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Kisspeptin-1; Kisspeptin-54; HH13; KiSS-1; Metastasis-suppressor KiSS-1

Application Instructions

Predict Reactivity Note	Human						
Application table	<table> <tr> <th>Application</th><th>Dilution</th></tr> <tr> <td>IHC-P</td><td>1:50 - 1:200</td></tr> <tr> <td>WB</td><td>1:500 - 1:2000</td></tr> </table>	Application	Dilution	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
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IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200						
WB	1:500 - 1:2000						
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.						
Positive Control	Mouse brain						
Observed Size	15 kDa						

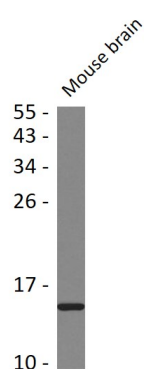
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purified.
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	KISS1
Gene Full Name	KiSS-1 metastasis-suppressor
Background	<p>This gene is a metastasis suppressor gene that suppresses metastases of melanomas and breast carcinomas without affecting tumorigenicity. The encoded protein may inhibit chemotaxis and invasion and thereby attenuate metastasis in malignant melanomas. Studies suggest a putative role in the regulation of events downstream of cell-matrix adhesion, perhaps involving cytoskeletal reorganization. A protein product of this gene, kisspeptin, stimulates gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH)-induced gonadotropin secretion and regulates the pubertal activation of GnRH neurons. A polymorphism in the terminal exon of this mRNA results in two protein isoforms. An adenosine present at the polymorphic site represents the third position in a stop codon. When the adenosine is absent, a downstream stop codon is utilized and the encoded protein extends for an additional seven amino acid residues. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2012]</p>
Function	<p>Metastasis suppressor protein in malignant melanomas and in some breast cancers. May regulate events downstream of cell-matrix adhesion, perhaps involving cytoskeletal reorganization. Generates a C-terminally amidated peptide, metastin which functions as the endogenous ligand of the G-protein coupled receptor GPR54. Activation of the receptor inhibits cell proliferation and cell migration, key characteristics of tumor metastasis. Kp-10 is a decapeptide derived from the primary translation product, isolated in conditioned medium of first trimester trophoblast. Kp-10, but not other kisspeptins, increased intracellular Ca(2+) levels in isolated first trimester trophoblasts. Kp-10 is a paracrine/endocrine regulator in fine-tuning trophoblast invasion generated by the trophoblast itself. The receptor is also essential for normal gonadotropin-released hormone physiology and for puberty. The hypothalamic KiSS1/GPR54 system is a pivotal factor in central regulation of the gonadotropic axis at puberty and in adulthood. [UniProt]</p>
Calculated Mw	15 kDa
PTM	Processed by MMP2 and MMP9. [UniProt]
Cellular Localization	Secreted. [UniProt]

Images



ARG59508 anti-Kisspeptin antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 µg of Mouse brain lysate stained with ARG59508 anti-Kisspeptin antibody.