

Product datasheet

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ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name IL23

Species Human

Immunogen A 14 amino acid synthetic peptide within the last 50 aa of Human IL23.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IL-23A; IL-23; IL-23 subunit alpha; IL23P19; IL-23p19; Interleukin-23 subunit alpha; IL-23-A; P19; SGRF;

Interleukin-23 subunit p19

Application Instructions

ICC/IF 10 - 20 μg/ml	
IHC-P 5 μg/ml	
WB 1 µg/ml	
* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentration should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control Raji Cell Lysate	
Observed Size ~ 23 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS and 0.02% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20° C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol IL23A

Gene Full Name interleukin 23, alpha subunit p19

Background This gene encodes a subunit of the heterodimeric cytokine interleukin 23 (IL23). IL23 is composed of

this protein and the p40 subunit of interleukin 12 (IL12B). The receptor of IL23 is formed by the beta 1 subunit of IL12 (IL12RB1) and an IL23 specific subunit, IL23R. Both IL23 and IL12 can activate the transcription activator STAT4, and stimulate the production of interferon-gamma (IFNG). In contrast to IL12, which acts mainly on naive CD4(+) T cells, IL23 preferentially acts on memory CD4(+) T cells.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Associates with IL12B to form the IL-23 interleukin, a heterodimeric cytokine which functions in innate

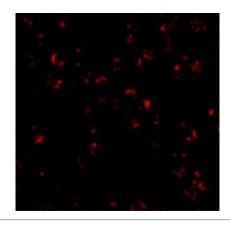
and adaptive immunity. IL-23 may constitute with IL-17 an acute response to infection in peripheral tissues. IL-23 binds to a heterodimeric receptor complex composed of IL12RB1 and IL23R, activates the Jak-Stat signaling cascade, stimulates memory rather than naive T-cells and promotes production of proinflammatory cytokines. IL-23 induces autoimmune inflammation and thus may be responsible for

autoimmune inflammatory diseases and may be important for tumorigenesis. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 21 kDa

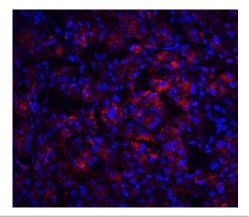
Cellular Localization Secreted. Note=Secreted upon association with IL12B. [UniProt]

Images



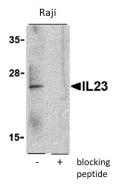
ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody IF image

Immunofluorescence: Raji cells stained with ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody at 20 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ dilution.



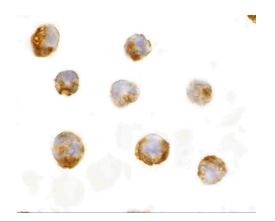
ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human pancreas stained with ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody (red) at 20 $\mu g/ml$ dilution. Blue: DAPI staining.



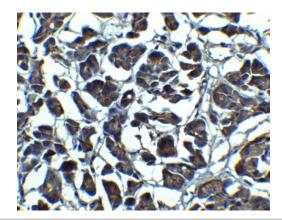
ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody WB image

Western blot: Raji cell lysate stained with ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody at 1 $\mu g/ml$ in the absence and presence of blocking peptide.



ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody ICC image

Immunocytochemistry: Raji cells stained with ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody at 10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ dilution.



ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human pancreas stained with ARG59349 anti-IL23 antibody at 5 $\mu g/ml$ dilution.