

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG58783 anti-GNS antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GNS

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application WB

Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name GNS

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein corresponding to W238-R355 of Human GNS.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names G6S; EC 3.1.6.14; Glucosamine-6-sulfatase; N-acetylglucosamine-6-sulfatase

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	0.1 - 0.5 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

**Purification** Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer 0.9% NaCl, 0.2% Na2HPO4, 0.05% Sodium azide and 4% Trehalose.

Preservative 0.05% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 4% Trehalose

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol GNS

Gene Full Name glucosamine (N-acetyl)-6-sulfatase

Background The product of this gene is a lysosomal enzyme found in all cells. It is involved in the catabolism of

heparin, heparan sulphate, and keratan sulphate. Deficiency of this enzyme results in the accumulation of undegraded substrate and the lysosomal storage disorder mucopolysaccharidosis type IIID (Sanfilippo D syndrome). Mucopolysaccharidosis type IIID is the least common of the four subtypes of

Sanfilippo syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Calculated Mw 62 kDa

PTM The form A (78 kDa) is processed by internal peptidase cleavage to a 32 kDa N-terminal species (form B)

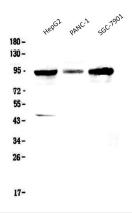
and a 48 kDa C-terminal species.

The conversion to 3-oxoalanine (also known as C-formylglycine, FGly), of a serine or cysteine residue in

prokaryotes and of a cysteine residue in eukaryotes, is critical for catalytic activity. [UniProt]

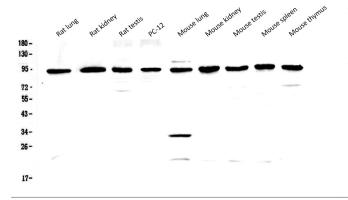
Cellular Localization Lysosome. [UniProt]

## **Images**



### ARG58783 anti-GNS antibody WB image

Western blot: 50  $\mu g$  of samples under reducing conditions. HepG2, PANC-1 and SGC-7901 cell lysates stained with ARG58783 anti-GNS antibody at 0.5  $\mu g/ml$ , overnight at 4°C.



#### ARG58783 anti-GNS antibody WB image

Western blot: 50  $\mu g$  of samples under reducing conditions. Rat lung, Rat kidney, Rat testis, PC-12, Mouse lung, Mouse kidney, Mouse testis, Mouse spleen and Mouse thymus lysates stained with ARG58783 anti-GNS antibody at 0.5  $\mu g/ml$ , overnight at 4°C.