

Product datasheet

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ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes CD197 / CCR7

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, IP, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name CD197 / CCR7

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human CD197 / CCR7.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names C-C chemokine receptor type 7; CD197; CD antigen CD197; CCR-7; BLR2; CMKBR7; C-C CKR-7;

MIP-3 beta receptor; EBV-induced G-protein coupled receptor 1; EBI1; Epstein-Barr virus-induced G-

protein coupled receptor 1; CDw197

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	IP	1:50
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Daudi and MCF-7	
Observed Size	~ 42 kDa	

Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Affinity purified.	
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.	
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide	
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol	

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CCR7

Gene Full Name chemokine (C-C motif) receptor 7

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family. This receptor

was identified as a gene induced by the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV), and is thought to be a mediator of EBV effects on B lymphocytes. This receptor is expressed in various lymphoid tissues and activates B and T lymphocytes. It has been shown to control the migration of memory T cells to inflamed tissues, as well as stimulate dendritic cell maturation. The chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 19 (CCL19/ECL) has been reported to be a specific ligand of this receptor. Signals mediated by this receptor regulate T cell homeostasis in lymph nodes, and may also function in the activation and polarization of T cells, and in chronic inflammation pathogenesis. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript

variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

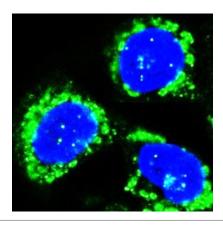
Function Receptor for the MIP-3-beta chemokine. Probable mediator of EBV effects on B-lymphocytes or of

normal lymphocyte functions. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 43 kDa

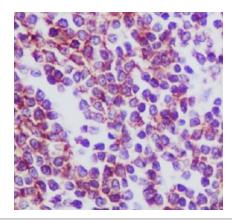
Cellular Localization Cell membrane > Multi-pass membrane protein. [UniProt]

Images



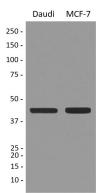
ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: HeLa cells stained with ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody (green). DAPI (blue) nuclear stain.



ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human spleen tissue stained with ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody.



ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody WB image

Western blot: Daudi and MCF-7 cell lysates stained with ARG58043 anti-CD197 / CCR7 antibody.