

Product datasheet

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ARG57161 anti-IDH1 antibody [25H10]

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [25H10] recognizes IDH1

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms
Tested Application WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal
Clone 25H10

Isotype IgG2a, kappa

Target Name IDH1
Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fragment around aa. 1-414 of Human IDH1

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IDPC; EC 1.1.1.42; Cytosolic NADP-isocitrate dehydrogenase; IDP; HEL-S-26; HEL-216; Isocitrate

dehydrogenase [NADP] cytoplasmic; IDH; PICD; IDCD; NADP; Oxalosuccinate decarboxylase

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 10% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 10% Glycerol

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 15926 Mouse

GeneID: 3417 Human

Swiss-port # O75874 Human

Swiss-port # O88844 Mouse

Gene Symbol IDH1

Gene Full Name isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 (NADP+), soluble

Background

Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NAD(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported; these NAD(+) dependent

the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each

NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the

NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the cytoplasm and peroxisomes. It contains the PTS-1 peroxisomal targeting signal sequence. The presence of this enzyme in peroxisomes suggests roles in the regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate, namely the alpha-hydroxylation of phytanic acid. The cytoplasmic enzyme serves a significant role in cytoplasmic NADPH production. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein

have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013]

Highlight Related products:

<u>Isocitrate Dehydrogenase antibodies; Isocitrate Dehydrogenase ELISA Kits; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary</u>

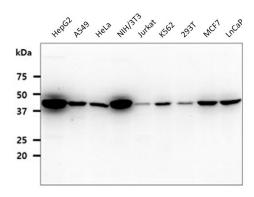
antibodies; Related news:

TCA intermediate fumarate promotes mitobiogenesis

Calculated Mw 47 kDa

PTM Acetylation at Lys-374 dramatically reduces catalytic activity.

Images



ARG57161 anti-IDH1 antibody [25H10] WB image

Western blot: 40 μ g of 1) HepG2, 2) A549, 3) HeLa, 4) NIH/3T3, 5) Jurkat, 6) K562, 7) 293T, 8) MCF7, and 9) LnCaP cell lysates stained with ARG57161 anti-IDH1 antibody [25H10] at 1:1000 dilution.