

ARG56948 anti-BAFF antibody [H4-C7]

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [H4-C7] recognizes BAFF	
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Rat	
Tested Application	FACS, WB	
Host	Mouse	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Clone	H4-C7	
Isotype	IgG3, kappa	
Target Name	BAFF	
Species	Human	
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment around aa. 134-285 of Human BAFF.	
Conjugation	Un-conjugated	
Alternate Names	BLYS; TALL1; Dendritic cell-derived TNF-like molecule; THANK; DTL; TNF- and APOL-related leukocyte expressed ligand 1; TNFSF20; CD257; BLyS; Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 13B; ZTNF4; CD antigen CD257; B lymphocyte stimulator; TALL-1; BAFF; B-cell-activating factor	

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution	
	FACS	Assay-dependent	
	WB	1:500 - 1:1000	
Application Note		* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

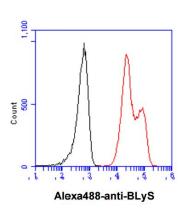
Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Purification with Protein G.	
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 10% Glycerol.	
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide	
Stabilizer	10% Glycerol	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.	

Bio	info	rmat	ion

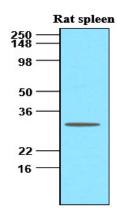
Database links	GenelD: 10673 Human	
	Swiss-port # Q9Y275 Human	
Gene Symbol	TNFSF13B	
Gene Full Name	tumor necrosis factor (ligand) superfamily, member 13b	
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine that belongs to the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) ligand family. This cytokine is a ligand for receptors TNFRSF13B/TACI, TNFRSF17/BCMA, and TNFRSF13C/BAFFR. This cytokine is expressed in B cell lineage cells, and acts as a potent B cell activator. It has been also shown to play an important role in the proliferation and differentiation of B cells. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2011]	
Function	Cytokine that binds to TNFRSF13B/TACI and TNFRSF17/BCMA. TNFSF13/APRIL binds to the same 2 receptors. Together, they form a 2 ligands -2 receptors pathway involved in the stimulation of B- and T- cell function and the regulation of humoral immunity. A third B-cell specific BAFF-receptor (BAFFR/BR3) promotes the survival of mature B-cells and the B-cell response.	
	Isoform 2 seems to inhibit isoform 1 secretion and bioactivity.	
	Isoform 3: Acts as a transcription factor for its own parent gene, in association with NF-kappa-B p50 subunit, at least in autoimmune and proliferative B-cell diseases. The presence of Delta4BAFF is essential for soluble BAFF release by IFNG/IFN-gamma-stimulated monocytes and for B-cell survival. It can directly or indirectly regulate the differential expression of a large number of genes involved in the innate immune response and the regulation of apoptosis. [UniProt]	
Calculated Mw	31 kDa	
РТМ	The soluble form derives from the membrane form by proteolytic processing. Isoform 2 is not efficiently shed from the membrane unlike isoform 1. N-glycosylated.	

Images



ARG56948 anti-BAFF antibody [H4-C7] FACS image

Flow Cytometry: PBMC cell line stained with ARG56948 anti-BAFF antibody [H4-C7] at 2-5 μ g for 1x10^6 cells (red line). Secondary antibody: Goat anti-Mouse IgG Alexa fluor 488 conjugate. Isotype control antibody was Mouse IgG (black line).



ARG56948 anti-BAFF antibody [H4-C7] WB image

Western blot: 60 μg of Rat spleen stained with ARG56948 anti-BAFF antibody [H4-C7] at 1:500.