

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

# ARG56767 anti-IL2 antibody (Biotin)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

# **Summary**

Product Description Biotin-conjugated Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes IL2

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ELISA, WB

Host Goat

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name IL2

Species Human

Immunogen E.coli derived Recombinant Human IL-2.

(MAPTSSSTKK TQLQLEHLLL DLQMILNGIN NYKNPKLTRM LTFKFYMPKK ATELKHLQCL EEELKPLEEV

LNLAQSKNFH LRPRDLISNI NVIVLELKGS ETTFMCEYAD ETATIVEFLN RWITFAQSII STLT)

Conjugation Biotin

Alternate Names TCGF; IL-2; lymphokine; Interleukin-2; Aldesleukin; T-cell growth factor

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Direct: 0.25 - 1.0 μg/ml Sandwich: 0.25 - 1.0 μg/ml with ARG56658 as a capture antibody
	WB	0.1 - 0.2 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

# **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Purified by affinity chromatography.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.2)

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 3558 Human

Swiss-port # P60568 Human

Gene Symbol IL2

Gene Full Name interleukin 2

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a secreted cytokine that is important for the proliferation of T and

B lymphocytes. The receptor of this cytokine is a heterotrimeric protein complex whose gamma chain is also shared by interleukin 4 (IL4) and interleukin 7 (IL7). The expression of this gene in mature thymocytes is monoallelic, which represents an unusual regulatory mode for controlling the precise expression of a single gene. The targeted disruption of a similar gene in mice leads to ulcerative colitis-like disease, which suggests an essential role of this gene in the immune response to antigenic stimuli.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

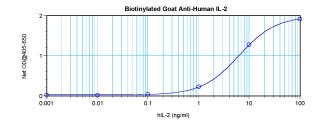
**Function** Produced by T-cells in response to antigenic or mitogenic stimulation, this protein is required for T-cell

proliferation and other activities crucial to regulation of the immune response. Can stimulate B-cells,

monocytes, lymphokine-activated killer cells, natural killer cells, and glioma cells. [UniProt]

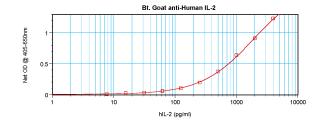
Calculated Mw 18 kDa

#### **Images**



#### ARG56767 anti-IL2 antibody (Biotin) standard curve image

Direct ELISA: ARG56767 anti-IL2 antibody (Biotin) at 0.25 - 1.0  $\mu g/ml$  results of a typical standard run with optical density.



### ARG56767 anti-IL2 antibody (Biotin) standard curve image

Sandwich ELISA: ARG56767 anti-IL2 antibody (Biotin) as a detection antibody at 0.25 - 1.0  $\mu$ g/ml combined with ARG56658 anti-IL2 antibody as a capture antibody. Results of a typical standard run with optical density.