

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG56095 anti-CD37 antibody [IPO-24]

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [IPO-24] recognizes CD37

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application FACS, FuncSt, ICC/IF

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone IPO-24

Isotype IgG2b, kappa

Target Name CD37
Species Human

Immunogen Spleen cells from a patient with hairy cell leukemia.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Tetraspanin-26; Tspan-26; CD antigen CD37; GP52-40; Leukocyte antigen CD37; TSPAN26

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	0.5 - 1 μg/10^6 cells in 0.1ml
	FuncSt	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	0.5 - 1 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein G.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.05% Sodium azide and 0.1 mg/ml BSA

Preservative 0.05% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.1 mg/ml BSA

Concentration 0.2 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated

freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 951 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P11049 Human

Gene Symbol CD37

Gene Full Name CD37 molecule

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the transmembrane 4 superfamily, also known as the

tetraspanin family. Most of these members are cell-surface proteins that are characterized by the presence of four hydrophobic domains. The proteins mediate signal transduction events that play a role in the regulation of cell development, activation, growth and motility. This encoded protein is a cell surface glycoprotein that is known to complex with integrins and other transmembrane 4 superfamily proteins. It may play a role in T-cell-B-cell interactions. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript

variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Calculated Mw 32 kDa

Cellular Localization Cell surface