

Product datasheet

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ARG55335 anti-KPNA3 / IPOA4 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes KPNA3 / IPOA4

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name KPNA3 / IPOA4

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein of Human KPNA3 (NP_002258.2)

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Importin subunit alpha-4; SRP4; SRP1; Qip2; SRP1gamma; hSRP1; IPOA4; Karyopherin subunit alpha-3;

SRP1-gamma; Importin alpha Q2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	A549	
Observed Size	~ 58 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 16648 Mouse

GeneID: 3839 Human

Swiss-port # O00505 Human

Swiss-port # O35344 Mouse

Gene Symbol KPNA3

Gene Full Name karyopherin alpha 3 (importin alpha 4)

Background

The transport of molecules between the nucleus and the cytoplasm in eukaryotic cells is mediated by the nuclear pore complex (NPC), which consists of 60-100 proteins. Small molecules (up to 70 kD) can

pass through the nuclear pore by nonselective diffusion while larger molecules are transported by an active process. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the importin alpha family, and is involved

in nuclear protein import. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]

Function Functions in nuclear protein import as an adapter protein for nuclear receptor KPNB1. Binds specifically

and directly to substrates containing either a simple or bipartite NLS motif. Docking of the

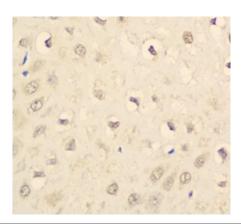
importin/substrate complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated by KPNB1 through binding to nucleoporin FxFG repeats and the complex is subsequently translocated through the pore by an energy requiring, Ran-dependent mechanism. At the nucleoplasmic side of the NPC, Ran binds to importin-beta and the three components separate and importin-alpha and -beta are re-exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where GTP hydrolysis releases Ran from importin. The directionality of nuclear import is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus. In vitro, mediates the nuclear import of human cytomegalovirus UL84 by recognizing a non-classical NLS. Recognizes NLSs of influenza A virus

nucleoprotein probably through ARM repeats 7-9. [UniProt]

Research Area Controls and Markers antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 58 kDa

Images



ARG55335 anti-KPNA3 / IPOA4 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human esophagus stained with ARG55335 anti-KPNA3 / IPOA4 antibody at 1:100 dilution.

100 -70 -55 -

ARG55335 anti-KPNA3 / IPOA4 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of A549 cell lysate stained with ARG55335 anti-KPNA3 / IPOA4 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.