

Product datasheet

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ARG54830 anti-BMPR1B antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes BMPR1B

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name BMPR1B

Species Human

Immunogen KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to aa. 134-162 (Center) of Human BMPR1B.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names ALK6; CDw293; EC 2.7.11.30; ALK-6; BMP type-1B receptor; BMPR-1B; Bone morphogenetic protein

receptor type-1B; CD antigen CDw293

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution	
	IHC-P	Assay-dependent	
	WB	1:1000	
Application Note		* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	U251		

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A and immunogen peptide.

Buffer PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide

Preservative 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 658 Human

Swiss-port # O00238 Human

Gene Symbol BMPR1B

Gene Full Name bone morphogenetic protein receptor, type IB

Background This gene encodes a member of the bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) receptor family of

transmembrane serine/threonine kinases. The ligands of this receptor are BMPs, which are members of the TGF-beta superfamily. BMPs are involved in endochondral bone formation and embryogenesis. These proteins transduce their signals through the formation of heteromeric complexes of 2 different types of serine (threonine) kinase receptors: type I receptors of about 50-55 kD and type II receptors of about 70-80 kD. Type II receptors bind ligands in the absence of type I receptors, but they require their respective type I receptors for signaling, whereas type I receptors require their respective type II receptors for ligand binding. Mutations in this gene have been associated with primary pulmonary hypertension. Several transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this

gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2012]

Function On ligand binding, forms a receptor complex consisting of two type II and two type I transmembrane

serine/threonine kinases. Type II receptors phosphorylate and activate type I receptors which autophosphorylate, then bind and activate SMAD transcriptional regulators. Receptor for BMP7/OP-1 and GDF5. Positively regulates chondrocyte differentiation through GDF5 interaction (By similarity).

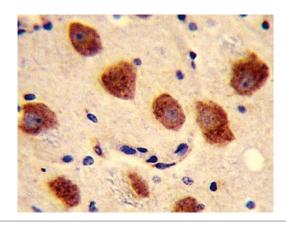
[UniProt]

Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Gene Regulation antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 57 kDa

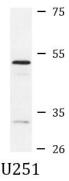
Cellular Localization Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Images



ARG54830 anti-BMPR1B antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded Human brain tissue stained with ARG54830 anti-BMPR1B antibody.



ARG54830 anti-BMPR1B antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 μg of U251 cell lysate stained with ARG54830 anti-BMPR1B antibody.