

ARG54827 anti-Aurora A antibody [1364CT291.108.155]

Package: 100 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody recognizes Aurora A
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	IHC-P, WB
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	1364CT291.108.155
Isotype	IgG1, kappa
Target Name	Aurora A
Species	Human
Immunogen	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide of Human Aurora A.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	ARK-1; AIK; BTAK; Serine/threonine-protein kinase 6; Breast tumor-amplified kinase; Serine/threonine-protein kinase aurora-A; STK15; Serine/threonine-protein kinase 15; AURORA2; Aurora-related kinase 1; hARK1; AURA; STK6; STK7; Aurora kinase A; EC 2.7.11.1; Aurora/IPL1-related kinase 1; Aurora 2; ARK1; PPP1R47

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	Assay-dependent
	WB	1:1000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	HT-29	

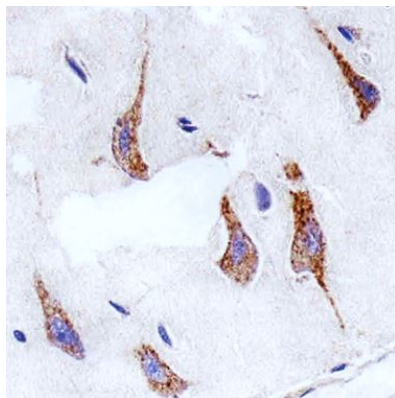
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein G.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Preservative	0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

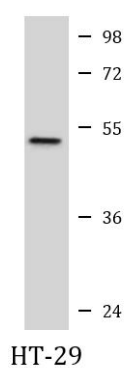
Bioinformation

Database links	GeneID: 6790 Human Swiss-port # O14965 Human
Gene Symbol	AURKA
Gene Full Name	aurora kinase A
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a cell cycle-regulated kinase that appears to be involved in microtubule formation and/or stabilization at the spindle pole during chromosome segregation. The encoded protein is found at the centrosome in interphase cells and at the spindle poles in mitosis. This gene may play a role in tumor development and progression. A processed pseudogene of this gene has been found on chromosome 1, and an unprocessed pseudogene has been found on chromosome 10. Multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Mitotic serine/threonine kinases that contributes to the regulation of cell cycle progression. Associates with the centrosome and the spindle microtubules during mitosis and plays a critical role in various mitotic events including the establishment of mitotic spindle, centrosome duplication, centrosome separation as well as maturation, chromosomal alignment, spindle assembly checkpoint, and cytokinesis. Required for initial activation of CDK1 at centrosomes. Phosphorylates numerous target proteins, including ARHGEF2, BORA, BRCA1, CDC25B, DLGP5, HDAC6, KIF2A, LATS2, NDEL1, PARD3, PPP1R2, PLK1, RASSF1, TACC3, p53/TP53 and TPX2. Regulates KIF2A tubulin depolymerase activity. Required for normal axon formation. Plays a role in microtubule remodeling during neurite extension. Important for microtubule formation and/or stabilization. Also acts as a key regulatory component of the p53/TP53 pathway, and particularly the checkpoint-response pathways critical for oncogenic transformation of cells, by phosphorylating and stabilizing p53/TP53. Phosphorylates its own inhibitors, the protein phosphatase type 1 (PP1) isoforms, to inhibit their activity. Necessary for proper cilia disassembly prior to mitosis. [UniProt]
Research Area	Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody
Calculated Mw	46 kDa
PTM	Activated by phosphorylation at Thr-288; this brings about a change in the conformation of the activation segment. Phosphorylation at Thr-288 varies during the cell cycle and is highest during M phase. Autophosphorylated at Thr-288 upon TPX2 binding. Thr-288 can be phosphorylated by several kinases, including PAK and PKA. Protein phosphatase type 1 (PP1) binds AURKA and inhibits its activity by dephosphorylating Thr-288 during mitosis. Phosphorylation at Ser-342 decreases the kinase activity. PPP2CA controls degradation by dephosphorylating Ser-51 at the end of mitosis. Ubiquitinated by the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex SCF(FBXL7) during mitosis, leading to its degradation by the proteasome. Ubiquitinated by CHFR, leading to its degradation by the proteasome (By similarity). Ubiquitinated by the anaphase-promoting complex (APC), leading to its degradation by the proteasome.
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane, Cell projection, Cilium, Cytoplasm, Cytoskeleton, Membrane, Microtubule



ARG54827 anti-Aurora A antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human brain section stained with ARG54827 anti-Aurora A antibody at 1:25 dilution.



ARG54827 anti-Aurora A antibody WB image

Western blot: 35 µg of HT-29 cell lysate stained with ARG54827 anti-Aurora A antibody at 1:1000 dilution.