

Product datasheet

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ARG54387 anti-AIF (AIFM1) antibody

Package: 50 μg, 25 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes AIF (AIFM1)

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, WB

Specificity This antibody recognizes human, mouse, and rat AIF (AIFM1) (67 kD).

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name AIF (AIFM1)

Species Human

Immunogen Peptide corresponding to aa 593-606 at the C-terminus of human AIF. This sequence is identical to

those of mouse and rat AIF.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CMTX4; NAMSD; COWCK; Apoptosis-inducing factor 1, mitochondrial; CMT2D; EC 1.1.1.-; NADMR;

PDCD8; COXPD6; AIF; Programmed cell death protein 8

Application Instructions

| Application table | Application | Dilution | |
|-------------------|-------------|--|--|
| | ICC/IF | Assay-dependent | |
| | WB | Assay-dependent | |
| Application Note | | * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist. | |
| Positive Control | K562 | | |

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification DEAE purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4) and 0.02% Sodium azide

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol Gene Full Name Background AIFM1

apoptosis-inducing factor, mitochondrion-associated, 1

A novel protein that causes chromatin condensation and DNA fragmentation has been designated Apoptosis Inducing Factor (AIF). AIF localizes in mitochondria and translocates to the nucleus when apoptosis is induced. This event is followed by the release of chytochrome c and caspase-9 from mitochondria. AIF is highly conserved between human and mouse and widely expressed in different cell

types and tissues.

Function Functions both as NADH oxidoreductase and as regulator of apoptosis. In response to apoptotic stimuli, it is released from the mitochondrion intermembrane space into the cytosol and to the nucleus, where it

functions as a proapoptotic factor in a caspase-independent pathway. In contrast, functions as an antiapoptotic factor in normal mitochondria via its NADH oxidoreductase activity. The soluble form (AIFsol) found in the nucleus induces 'parthanatos' i.e. caspase-independent fragmentation of chromosomal DNA. Interacts with EIF3G, and thereby inhibits the EIF3 machinery and protein synthesis, and activates casapse-7 to amplify apoptosis. Plays a critical role in caspase-independent, pyknotic cell death in hydrogen peroxide-exposed cells. Binds to DNA in a sequence-independent manner. [UniProt] Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Cell Death antibody; Gene Regulation

antibody; Metabolism antibody

antibody, Metabolishi anti

Calculated Mw 67 kDa

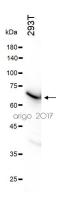
PTM

Research Area

Under normal conditions, a 54-residue N-terminal segment is first proteolytically removed during or just after translocation into the mitochondrial intermembrane space (IMS) by the mitochondrial processing peptidase (MPP) to form the inner-membrane-anchored mature form (AIFmit). During apoptosis, it is further proteolytically processed at amino-acid position 101 leading to the generation of the mature form, which is confined to the mitochondrial IMS in a soluble form (AIFsol). AIFsol is released to the cytoplasm in response to specific death signals, and translocated to the nucleus, where it induces nuclear apoptosis in a caspase-independent manner.

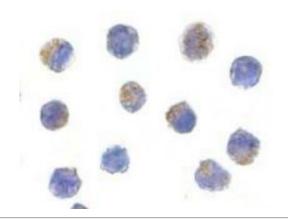
Ubiquitination by XIAP/BIRC4 does not lead to proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitination at Lys-255 by XIAP/BIRC4 blocks its ability to bind DNA and induce chromatin degradation, thereby inhibiting its ability to induce cell death.

Images



ARG54387 anti-AIF (AIFM1) antibody WB image

Western blot: 30 μg of 293T cell lysate stained with ARG54387 anti-AIF (AIFM1) antibody at 1:500 dilution.



ARG54387 anti-AIF (AIFM1) antibody ICC/IF image

K562 stained with ARG54387 anti-AIF (AIFM1) antibody at 5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ dilution.