

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG54200 anti-CD99 antibody [3B2/TA8] (PE)

Package: 50 tests Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description PE-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [3B2/TA8] recognizes CD99

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application FACS

Specificity The clone 3B2/TA8 recognizes CD99, an approximately 32 kDa sialoglycoprotein expressed on many cell

types, with particularly strong expression on Ewing's sarcoma and peripheral primitive

neuroectodermal tumors. Within the hematopoietic system, CD99 is expressed on virtually all cell types

except granulocytes.

HLDA VI.; WS Code T 6T-097, BP 534

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 3B2/TA8

Isotype IgG2a

Target Name CD99

Species Human

Immunogen Human thymocytes

Conjugation PE

Alternate Names 12E7; CD99 antigen; MIC2X; MIC2Y; CD antigen CD99; MSK5X; Protein MIC2; MIC2; T-cell surface

glycoprotein E2; HBA71; E2 antigen

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	10 μl / 10^6 cells
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Note The purified antibody is conjugated with R-Phycoerythrin (PE) under optimum conditions. The

conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography and adjusted for direct use. No reconstitution is

necessary.

Buffer PBS, 15 mM Sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free BSA

Preservative 15 mM Sodium azide

Stabilizer 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free BSA

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

www.arigobio.com argo.nuts about antibodies 1/2

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links <u>GeneID: 4267 Human</u>

Swiss-port # P14209 Human

Gene Symbol CD99

Gene Full Name CD99 molecule

Background CD99 is a cell surface glycoprotein involved in leukocyte migration, T-cell adhesion, ganglioside GM1

and transmembrane protein transport, and T-cell death by a caspase-independent pathway. In addition, the encoded protein may have the ability to rearrange the actin cytoskeleton and may also act

as an oncosuppressor in osteosarcoma. This gene is found in the pseudoautosomal region of

chromosomes X and Y and escapes X-chromosome inactivation. There is a related pseudogene located

immediately adjacent to this locus. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016]

Function CD99 involved in T-cell adhesion processes and in spontaneous rosette formation with erythrocytes.

Plays a role in a late step of leukocyte extravasation helping leukocytes to overcome the endothelial basement membrane. Acts at the same site as, but independently of, PECAM1. Involved in T-cell

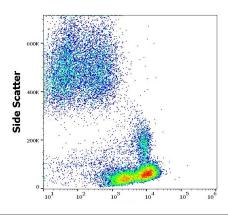
adhesion processes. [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Immune System antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 19 kDa

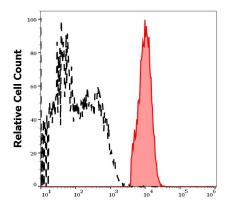
PTM Extensively O-glycosylated.

Images



ARG54200 anti-CD99 antibody [3B2/TA8] (PE) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Human peripheral whole blood stained with ARG54200 anti-CD99 antibody [3B2/TA8] (PE) (10 μl reagent / 100 μl of peripheral whole blood).



ARG54200 anti-CD99 antibody [3B2/TA8] (PE) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Separation of human CD99 positive lymphocytes (red-filled) from neutrophil granulocytes (black-dashed). Human peripheral whole blood stained with ARG54200 anti-CD99 antibody [3B2/TA8] (PE) (10 μ l reagent / 100 μ l of peripheral whole blood).