

Product datasheet

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ARG52317 anti-GluR2 antibody

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes GluR2

Tested Reactivity Rat

Predict Reactivity Hu, Ms, Chk, NHuPrm, Zfsh

Tested Application WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name GluR2

Species Rat

Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acid residues specific to GluR2 conjugated to KLH

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names AMPA-selective glutamate receptor 2; GluR-K2; Glutamate receptor ionotropic, AMPA 2; GluR-2;

HBGR2; GLUR2; GluR-B; Glutamate receptor 2; GLURB

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:1,000

Application Note Specific for the ~100k GluR2 protein.

* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity Purified

Buffer 10 mM HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 0.1 mg/ml BSA and 50% Glycerol

Stabilizer 0.1 mg/ml BSA, 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 29627 Rat

Swiss-port # P19491 Rat

Gene Symbol GRIA2

Gene Full Name glutamate receptor, ionotropic, AMPA 2

Background The ion channels activated by glutamate are typically divided into two classes. Those that are sensitive

to N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) are designated NMDA receptors (NMDAR) while those activated by α -amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxalone propionic acid (AMPA) are known as AMPA receptors (AMPAR). The AMPAR are comprised of four distinct glutamate receptor subunits designated (GluR1-4) and they play key roles in virtually all excitatory neurotransmission in the brain (Keinänen et al., 1990;Hollmann and Heinemann, 1994). The GluR2 subunit is thought to play a key role in forms of synaptic plasticity

such as LTD (Chung et al., 2003)

Research Area Neuroscience antibody

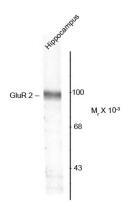
Calculated Mw 99 kDa

PTM Palmitoylated. Depalmitoylated upon glutamate stimulation. Cys-610 palmitoylation leads to Golgi

retention and decreased cell surface expression. In contrast, Cys-836 palmitoylation does not affect cell

 $surface\ expression\ but\ regulates\ stimulation-dependent\ endocytosis\ (By\ similarity).$

Images



ARG52317 anti-GluR2 antibody WB image

Western Blot: rat hippocampal lysate showing the specific immunolabeling of the $^{\sim}100k$ GluR2 protein stained with GluR2 antibody (ARG52317).