

ARG51833 anti-c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700) antibody

Package: 100 µl, 50 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700)
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	c-Cbl
Species	Human
Immunogen	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of tyrosine 700 (T-E-Y(p)-M-T) derived from Human c-Cbl.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	Signal transduction protein CBL; C-CBL; EC 6.3.2.-; FRA11B; Casitas B-lineage lymphoma proto-oncogene; Proto-oncogene c-Cbl; RNF55; CBL2; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL; RING finger protein 55; NSLL

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:100 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:100
	WB	1:500 - 1:1000

Application Note * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

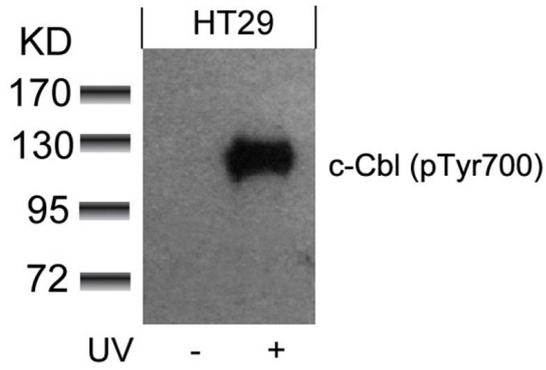
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with KLH-conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. In addition, non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide.
Buffer	PBS (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺ , pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Concentration	1 mg/ml

Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

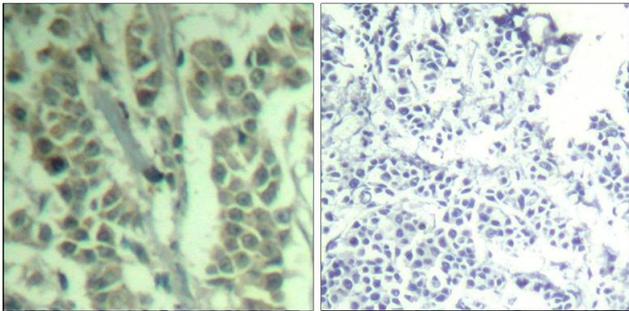
Bioinformation

Database links	GeneID: 867 Human Swiss-port # P22681 Human
Gene Symbol	CBL
Gene Full Name	Cbl proto-oncogene, E3 ubiquitin protein ligase
Background	Participates in signal transduction in hematopoietic cells. Adapter protein that functions as a negative regulator of many signaling pathways that start from receptors at the cell surface. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase, which accepts ubiquitin from specific E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, and then transfers it to substrates promoting their degradation by the proteasome. Recognizes activated receptor tyrosine kinases, including PDGFA, EGF and CSF1, and terminates signaling.
Function	Adapter protein that functions as a negative regulator of many signaling pathways that are triggered by activation of cell surface receptors. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase, which accepts ubiquitin from specific E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, and then transfers it to substrates promoting their degradation by the proteasome. Recognizes activated receptor tyrosine kinases, including KIT, FLT1, FGFR1, FGFR2, PDGFRA, PDGFRB, EGFR, CSF1R, EPHA8 and KDR and terminates signaling. Recognizes membrane-bound HCK, SRC and other kinases of the SRC family and mediates their ubiquitination and degradation. Participates in signal transduction in hematopoietic cells. Plays an important role in the regulation of osteoblast differentiation and apoptosis. Essential for osteoclastic bone resorption. The 'Tyr-731' phosphorylated form induces the activation and recruitment of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase to the cell membrane in a signaling pathway that is critical for osteoclast function. May be functionally coupled with the E2 ubiquitin-protein ligase UB2D3. [UniProt]
Research Area	Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Gene Regulation antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody
Calculated Mw	100 kDa
PTM	Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by ALK, EGFR, SYK, FYN and ZAP70 (By similarity). Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues in response to FLT1 and KIT signaling. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by INSR and FGR. Phosphorylated on several tyrosine residues by constitutively activated FGFR3. Not phosphorylated at Tyr-731 by FGFR3. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by activated CSF1R, PDGFRA and PDGFRB. Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by HCK. Ubiquitinated, leading to its degradation via the proteasome.



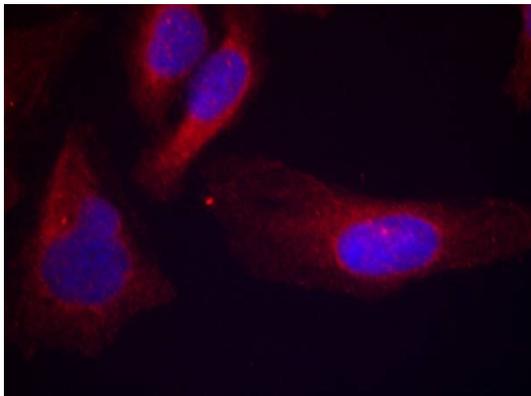
ARG51833 anti-c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700) antibody WB image

Western blot: Extracts from HT29 cells untreated or treated with UV stained with ARG51833 anti-c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700) antibody.



ARG51833 anti-c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700) antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human breast carcinoma tissue stained with ARG51833 anti-c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700) antibody (left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (right).



ARG51833 anti-c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700) antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: methanol-fixed HeLa cells stained with ARG51833 anti-c-Cbl phospho (Tyr700) antibody.
