

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG51524 anti-c-Rel phospho (Ser503) antibody

Package: 100 μl, 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes c-Rel phospho (Ser503)

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ICC/IF

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name c-Rel

Species Human

Immunogen Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 503 (T-S-S(p)-D-S) derived from Human c-Rel.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Proto-oncogene c-Rel; C-Rel

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:100 - 1:200
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form

Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with KLH-conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide.

Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. In addition, non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-

phosphopeptide.

Buffer PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+, pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Liquid

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 5966 Human

Swiss-port # Q04864 Human

Gene Symbol REL

Gene Full Name v-rel avian reticuloendotheliosis viral oncogene homolog

Background The REL gene encodes c-Rel, a transcription factor that is a member of the Rel/NFKB family, which also

includes RELA (MIM 164014), RELB (604758), NFKB1 (MIM 164011), and NFKB2 (MIM 164012). These proteins are related through a highly conserved N-terminal region termed the 'Rel domain,' which is responsible for DNA binding, dimerization, nuclear localization, and binding to the NFKB inhibitor (MIM

164008) (Belguise and Sonenshein, 2007 (PubMed 18037997)).

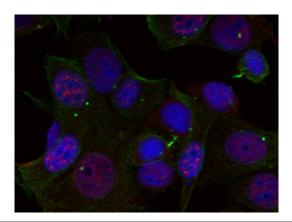
Function Proto-oncogene that may play a role in differentiation and lymphopoiesis. NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic

transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processed such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. The NF-kappa-B heterodimer RELA/p65-c-Rel is a transcriptional activator. [UniProt]

Research Area Cancer antibody; Gene Regulation antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody

Calculated Mw 69 kDa

Images



ARG51524 anti-c-Rel phospho (Ser503) antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: methanol-fixed HeLa cells stained with ARG51524 anti-c-Rel phospho (Ser503) antibody.