

Product datasheet

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ARG45826 anti-NCOA6 antibody

Package: 50 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes NCOA6

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application FACS, ICC/IF, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name NCOA6

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein containing to human NCOA6.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names NCOA6; Nuclear Receptor Coactivator 6; RAP250; AIB3; PRIP; TRBP; Nuclear Receptor Coactivator

RAP250; KIAA0181; ASC2; NRC; Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor Interacting Protein; Cancer-Amplified Transcriptional Coactivator ASC-2; Nuclear Receptor-Activating Protein, 250 KDa; Amplified In Breast Cancer Protein 3; Activating Signal Cointegrator-2; PPAR-Interacting Protein; NRC RAP250; Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor-Interacting Protein; Thyroid Hormone Receptor Binding Protein; Thyroid Hormone Receptor-Binding Protein; Amplified In Breast Cancer-3 Protein; Activating

Signal Cointegrator 2; ASC-2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1 - 3 μg/10^6 cells
	ICC/IF	5 μg/ml
	WB	0.25-0.5 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	250 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified

Buffer 0.2% Na2HPO4, 0.9% NaCl and 4% Trehalose.

Stabilizer 4% Trehalose

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol NCOA6

Gene Full Name Nuclear Receptor Coactivator 6

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a transcriptional coactivator that can interact with nuclear

hormone receptors to enhance their transcriptional activator functions. This protein has been shown to be involved in the hormone-dependent coactivation of several receptors, including prostanoid, retinoid, vitamin D3, thyroid hormone, and steroid receptors. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding

different isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011]

Function Nuclear receptor coactivator that directly binds nuclear receptors and stimulates the transcriptional

activities in a hormone-dependent fashion. Coactivates expression in an agonist- and AF2-dependent manner. Involved in the coactivation of different nuclear receptors, such as for steroids (GR and ERs), retinoids (RARs and RXRs), thyroid hormone (TRs), vitamin D3 (VDR) and prostanoids (PPARs). Probably functions as a general coactivator, rather than just a nuclear receptor coactivator. May also be involved in the coactivation of the NF-kappa-B pathway. May coactivate expression via a remodeling of

chromatin and its interaction with histone acetyltransferase proteins. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 219 kDa

PTM Acetylation; Methylation; Phosphoprotein. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Nucleus. [UniProt]