

## ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody

Package: 50 µg  
Store at: -20°C

### Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes TLR1
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	FACS, IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	TLR1
Species	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to F350-D404 of Human TLR1.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	CD281; CD antigen CD281; Toll/interleukin-1 receptor-like protein; TIL; Toll-like receptor 1; rsc786; TIL. LPRS5

### Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	1:150 - 1:500
	IHC-P	1:200 - 1:1000
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	IHC-P: Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 min. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Observed Size	~ 90 kDa	

### Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Buffer	0.2% Na2HPO4, 0.9% NaCl, 0.05% Sodium azide and 4% Trehalose.
Preservative	0.05% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	4% Trehalose
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

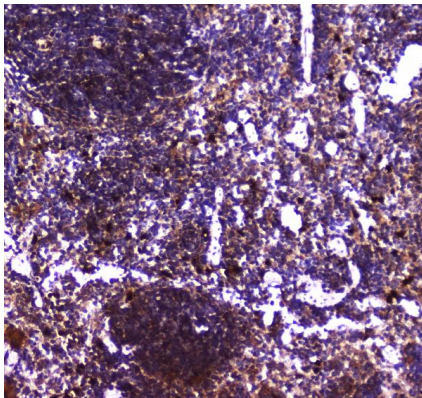
Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

## Bioinformation

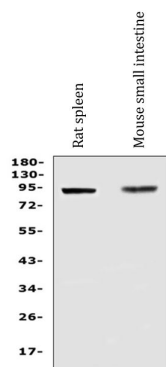
Gene Symbol	TLR1
Gene Full Name	toll-like receptor 1
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from <i>Drosophila</i> to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. This gene is ubiquitously expressed, and at higher levels than other TLR genes. Different length transcripts presumably resulting from use of alternative polyadenylation site, and/or from alternative splicing, have been noted for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Participates in the innate immune response to microbial agents. Specifically recognizes diacylated and triacylated lipopeptides. Cooperates with TLR2 to mediate the innate immune response to bacterial lipoproteins or lipopeptides (PubMed:21078852). Forms the activation cluster TLR2:TLR1:CD14 in response to triacylated lipopeptides, this cluster triggers signaling from the cell surface and subsequently is targeted to the Golgi in a lipid-raft dependent pathway (PubMed:16880211). Acts via MYD88 and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	90 kDa
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Membrane raft. Golgi apparatus. Note=Does not reside in lipid rafts before stimulation but accumulates increasingly in the raft upon the presence of the microbial ligand. In response to triacylated lipoproteins, TLR2:TLR1 heterodimers are recruited in lipid rafts, this recruitment determine the intracellular targeting to the Golgi apparatus. [UniProt]

## Images



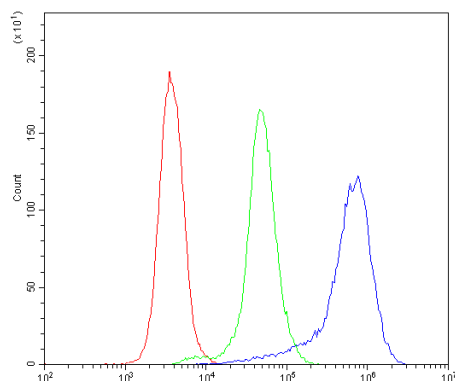
ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Mouse spleen tissue. Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 min. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then stained with ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody at 2 µg/ml dilution, overnight at 4°C.



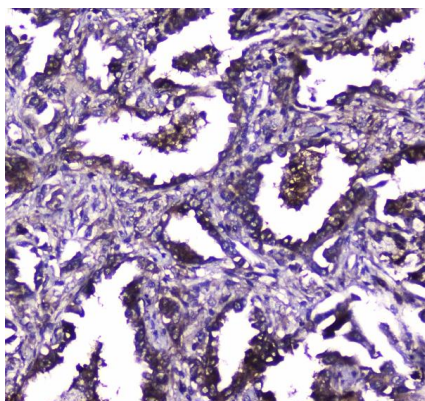
#### ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody WB image

Western blot: 50 µg of sample under reducing conditions. Rat spleen and Mouse small intestine lysates stained with ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody at 0.5 µg/ml dilution, overnight at 4°C.



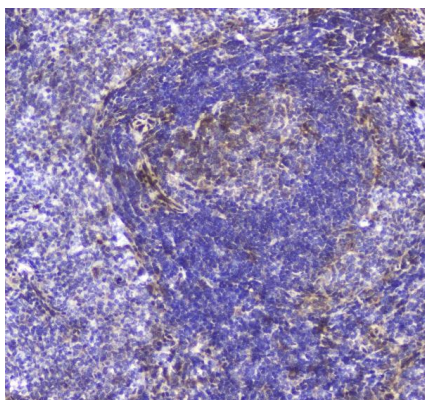
#### ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody FACS image

Flow Cytometry: K562 cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum and then stained with ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody (blue) at 1 µg/10<sup>6</sup> cells for 30 min at 20°C, followed by incubation with DyLight®488 labelled secondary antibody. Isotype control antibody (green) was Rabbit IgG (1 µg/10<sup>6</sup> cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (red) was also used as a control.



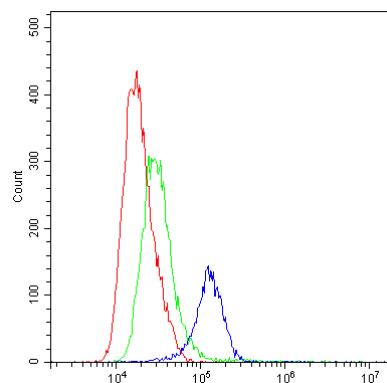
#### ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue. Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 min. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then stained with ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody at 2 µg/ml dilution, overnight at 4°C.



#### ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Rat spleen tissue. Antigen Retrieval: Heat mediation was performed in Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 min. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then stained with ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody at 2 µg/ml dilution, overnight at 4°C.



#### ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody FACS image

Flow Cytometry: THP-1 cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum and then stained with ARG42923 anti-TLR1 antibody (blue) at 1 µg/10<sup>6</sup> cells for 30 min at 20°C, followed by incubation with DyLight®488 labelled secondary antibody. Isotype control antibody (green) was Rabbit IgG (1 µg/10<sup>6</sup> cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (red) was also used as a control.