

ARG42249 anti-CD41 antibody [MEM-06] (PerCP)

Package: 50 tests
Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description	PerCP-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [MEM-06] recognizes CD41
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	FACS
Specificity	The antibody MEM-06 reacts with an extracellular epitope of CD41 (GPIIb), a transmembrane glycoprotein (integrin family) composed of two chains GPIIb alpha (heavy chain; 120 kDa) and GPIIb beta (light chain; 23 kDa). CD41 is mainly expressed on platelets and megakaryocytes.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	MEM-06
Isotype	IgG1
Target Name	CD41
Species	Human
Immunogen	Leukocytes of a patient suffering from LGL-type leukaemia.
Conjugation	PerCP
Alternate Names	GTA; GT; GPalpha IIb; PPP1R93; CD41; BDPLT2; BDPLT16; GP2B; Integrin alpha-IIb; GPIIb; Platelet membrane glycoprotein IIb; HPA3; CD antigen CD41; CD41B

Application Instructions

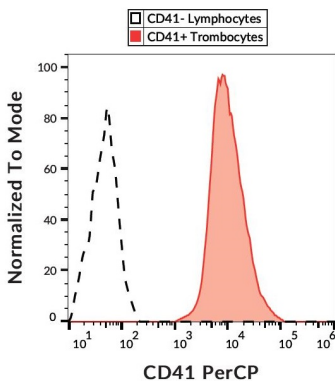
Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	10 µl / 100 µl of whole blood or 10 ⁶ cells
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purified
Buffer	PBS and 15 mM Sodium azide.
Preservative	15 mM Sodium azide
Storage instruction	Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Gene Symbol	ITGA2B
Gene Full Name	integrin, alpha 2b (platelet glycoprotein IIb of IIb/IIIa complex, antigen CD41)
Background	This gene encodes a member of the integrin alpha chain family of proteins. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate light and heavy chains that associate through disulfide linkages to form a subunit of the alpha-IIb/beta-3 integrin cell adhesion receptor. This receptor plays a crucial role in the blood coagulation system, by mediating platelet aggregation. Mutations in this gene are associated with platelet-type bleeding disorders, which are characterized by a failure of platelet aggregation, including Glanzmann thrombasthenia. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016]
Function	Integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 is a receptor for fibronectin, fibrinogen, plasminogen, prothrombin, thrombospondin and vitronectin. It recognizes the sequence R-G-D in a wide array of ligands. It recognizes the sequence H-H-L-G-G-G-A-K-Q-A-G-D-V in fibrinogen gamma chain. Following activation integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 brings about platelet/platelet interaction through binding of soluble fibrinogen. This step leads to rapid platelet aggregation which physically plugs ruptured endothelial cell surface. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	113 kDa
Cellular Localization	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. [UniProt]

Images



ARG42249 anti-CD41 antibody [MEM-06] (PerCP) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Human platelets stained with ARG42249 anti-CD41 antibody [MEM-06] (PerCP).