

Product datasheet

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ARG41742 anti-MICAL1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes MICAL1

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms
Tested Application WB
Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name MICAL1
Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to aa. 718-1067 of Human MICAL1 (NP_073602.3).

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names MICAL; EC 1.14.13.-; Protein-methionine sulfoxide oxidase MICAL1; NICAL; MICAL-1; NEDD9-interacting

protein with calponin homology and LIM domains; Molecule interacting with CasL protein 1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:200 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	A549	
Observed Size	~ 132 kDa	

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol MICAL1

Gene Full Name microtubule associated monooxygenase, calponin and LIM domain containing 1

Background This gene encodes an enzyme that oxidizes methionine residues on actin, thereby promoting

depolymerization of actin filaments. This protein interacts with and regulates signalling by NEDD9/CAS-L (neural precursor cell expressed, developmentally down-regulated 9). Alternative splicing results in

multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]

Function Monooxygenase that promotes depolymerization of F-actin by mediating oxidation of specific

methionine residues on actin. Acts by modifying actin subunits through the addition of oxygen to form methionine-sulfoxide, leading to promote actin filament severing and prevent repolymerization (Probable). Acts as a cytoskeletal regulator that connects NEDD9 to intermediate filaments. Also acts as a negative regulator of apoptosis via its interaction with STK38 and STK38L; acts by antagonizing STK38

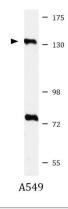
and STK38L activation by MST1/STK4. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 118 kDa

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Midbody. Note=Accumulates transiently at the abscission site

before abscission occurs. [UniProt]

Images



ARG41742 anti-MICAL1 antibody WB image

Western blot: 25 μg of A549 cell lysate stained with ARG41742 anti-MICAL1 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.