

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG23931 anti-Albumin antibody, pre-adsorbed

Package: 1 mg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes Albumin

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application ELISA

Specificity The antibody reacts with Human Serum Albumin. The antibody is pre-adsorbed with Bovine Serum

Albumin, so the antibody may not react with BSA, but may react with Serum Albumins from other

species.

Host Goat

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name Albumin
Species Human

Immunogen Human Serum Albumin

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names FDAH; PRO0883; PRO1341; Serum albumin; ANALBA; PRO0903

Application Instructions

Pre Adsorbed Bovine Serum Albumin

Application table

Application Dilution

ELISA <1 μg/ml

Application Note

* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer BBS (pH 8.2)

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol ALB

Gene Full Name albumin

Background Albumin is a soluble, monomeric protein which comprises about one-half of the blood serum protein.

Albumin functions primarily as a carrier protein for steroids, fatty acids, and thyroid hormones and plays a role in stabilizing extracellular fluid volume. Albumin is a globular unglycosylated serum protein of molecular weight 65,000. Albumin is synthesized in the liver as preproalbumin which has an N-terminal peptide that is removed before the nascent protein is released from the rough endoplasmic reticulum. The product, proalbumin, is in turn cleaved in the Golgi vesicles to produce the secreted

albumin. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Serum albumin, the main protein of plasma, has a good binding capacity for water, Ca(2+), Na(+), K(+),

fatty acids, hormones, bilirubin and drugs. Its main function is the regulation of the colloidal osmotic pressure of blood. Major zinc transporter in plasma, typically binds about 80% of all plasma zinc.

[UniProt]

Calculated Mw 69 kDa

PTM Kenitra variant is partially O-glycosylated at Thr-620. It has two new disulfide bonds Cys-600 to Cys-602

and Cys-601 to Cys-606.

Glycated in diabetic patients.

Phosphorylated by FAM20C in the extracellular medium.

Acetylated on Lys-223 by acetylsalicylic acid. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Secreted. [UniProt]