

Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG23698 anti-CD49b / Integrin alpha 2 antibody [AK7] (FITC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description FITC-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [AK7] recognizes CD49b / Integrin alpha 2.

Clone AK7 recognizes the integrin alpha 2 subunit, a $^{\sim}160$ kDa glycoprotein that non-covalently associates with the $^{\sim}130$ kDa integrin beta 1 subunit to form the VLA-2 complex. CD49b is expressed by platelets, long term cultivated T cells, approximately 50% of monocytes and most adherent cell lines.

Mouse anti Human CD49b antibody, clone AK7 inhibits cell attachment to collagen.

Tested Reactivity Hu, Bb, R. Mk

Tested Application FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone AK7 Isotype IgG1

Target Name CD49b / Integrin alpha 2

Species Human

Conjugation FITC

Alternate Names Collagen receptor; VLA-2 subunit alpha; HPA-5; CD49B; CD49 antigen-like family member B; GPIa;

VLA-2; CD antigen CD49b; BR; VLAA2; Platelet membrane glycoprotein Ia; Integrin alpha-2

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat
• •	FACS: Use 10 µl of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells or 100 µl whole blood. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations	

Form Liquid

Properties

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

should be determined by the scientist.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol ITGA2

Gene Full Name integrin, alpha 2 (CD49B, alpha 2 subunit of VLA-2 receptor)

Background This gene encodes the alpha subunit of a transmembrane receptor for collagens and related proteins.

The encoded protein forms a heterodimer with a beta subunit and mediates the adhesion of platelets and other cell types to the extracellular matrix. Loss of the encoded protein is associated with bleeding disorder platelet-type 9. Antibodies against this protein are found in several immune disorders, including neonatal alloimmune thrombocytopenia. This gene is located adjacent to a related alpha subunit gene. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2012]

Function Integrin alpha-2/beta-1 is a receptor for laminin, collagen, collagen C-propeptides, fibronectin and E-

cadherin. It recognizes the proline-hydroxylated sequence G-F-P-G-E-R in collagen. It is responsible for adhesion of platelets and other cells to collagens, modulation of collagen and collagenase gene expression, force generation and organization of newly synthesized extracellular matrix. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 129 kDa