

Product datasheet

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ARG21979 anti-CD4 antibody [GK1.5]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rat Monoclonal antibody [GK1.5] recognizes CD4

Tested Reactivity Ms

Tested Application BL, Depletion, FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-Fr, IP

Specificity Mouse CD4

Host Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone GK1.5

Isotype IgG2b, kappa

Target Name CD4

Species Mouse

Immunogen Mouse CTL clone V4

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names CD4mut; CD antigen CD4; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4; T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	BL	Assay-dependent
	Depletion	Assay-dependent
	FACS	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	BBS (pH 8.2)
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 12504 Mouse

Swiss-port # P06332 Mouse

Gene Symbol CD4

Gene Full Name CD4 antigen

Background CD4 is a membrane glycoprotein of T lymphocytes that interacts with major histocompatibility complex

class II antigenes and is also a receptor for the human immunodeficiency virus. This gene is expressed not only in T lymphocytes, but also in B cells, macrophages, and granulocytes. It is also expressed in specific regions of the brain. The protein functions to initiate or augment the early phase of T-cell activation, and may function as an important mediator of indirect neuronal damage in infectious and immune-mediated diseases of the central nervous system. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified in this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2010]

Function CD4 is an integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and

serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class II molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class II peptides are derived from extracellular proteins while class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class II presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of T-helper cells. In other cells such as macrophages or NK cells, plays a role in differentiation/activation, cytokine expression and cell migration in a TCR/LCK-independent pathway. Participates in the development of T-helper cells in the thymus and triggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature

macrophages. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

CD4 antibodies; CD4 ELISA Kits; CD4 Duos / Panels; Anti-Rat IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

New antibody panels and duos for Tumor immune microenvironment

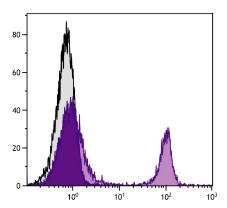
Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILs)

Research Area Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody; Regulatory T cells Study antibody; T-cell

infiltration Study antibody; Tumor-infiltrating Lymphocyte Study antibody

Calculated Mw 51 kDa

PTM Palmitoylation and association with LCK contribute to the enrichment of CD4 in lipid rafts.



ARG21979 anti-CD4 antibody [GK1.5] FACS image

Flow Cytometry: BALB/c Mouse splenocytes stained with <u>ARG21979</u> anti-CD4 antibody [GK1.5] followed by <u>ARG21709</u> Mouse anti-Rat IgG2b antibody [2B10A8] (PE).