

Summary

## ARG20792 anti-Collagen VI antibody, pre-adsorbed

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

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Product Description	Goat Polyclonal antibody recognizes Collagen VI
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat, Pig
Tested Application	ELISA, EM, ICC/IF, IHC-Fr, IHC-P, WB
Specificity	The antibody reacts with conformational determinants on type VI collagen. The antibody is pre- adsorbed with Collagen types I, II, III, IV and V, so the antibody may not react with Collagen types I, II, III, IV and V.
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	lgG
Target Name	Collagen VI
Species	Human
Immunogen	Collagen VI
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	OPLL; Collagen alpha-1(VI) chain

# **Application Instructions**

Pre Adsorbed	Collagen types I, II, III, IV and V.	
Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Assay-dependent
	EM	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IHC-P	Assay-dependent
	WB	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

### Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.
Buffer	BBS (pH 8.2)

Concentration	0.4 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### **Bioinformation**

Database links	GenelD: 12833 Mouse
	GenelD: 1291 Human
	Swiss-port # P12109 Human
	Swiss-port # Q04857 Mouse
Gene Symbol	COL6A1
Gene Full Name	collagen, type VI, alpha 1
Background	The collagens are a superfamily of proteins that play a role in maintaining the integrity of various tissues. Collagens are extracellular matrix proteins and have a triple-helical domain as their common structural element. Collagen VI is a major structural component of microfibrils. The basic structural unit of collagen VI is a heterotrimer of the alpha1(VI), alpha2(VI), and alpha3(VI) chains. The alpha2(VI) and alpha3(VI) chains are encoded by the COL6A2 and COL6A3 genes, respectively. The protein encoded by this gene is the alpha 1 subunit of type VI collagen (alpha1(VI) chain). Mutations in the genes that code for the collagen VI subunits result in the autosomal dominant disorder, Bethlem myopathy. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Collagen VI acts as a cell-binding protein. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	109 kDa
PTM	Prolines at the third position of the tripeptide repeating unit (G-X-Y) are hydroxylated in some or all of the chains.

## Images



#### ARG20792 anti-Collagen VI antibody, pre-adsorbed IHC-Fr image

Immunohistochemistry: Human kidney cancer tissue stained with \_ <u>ARG20792</u> anti-Collagen VI antibody (pre-adsorbed) followed by \_ <u>ARG21775</u> Pig anti-Goat IgG (H+L) antibody (Biotin) (pre-adsorbed) and streptavidin-HRP.



#### ARG20792 anti-Collagen VI antibody (pre-adsorbed) IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer tissue stained with <u>ARG23772</u> Goat IgG Isotype Control antibody (left) and ARG20792 anti-Collagen VI antibody (pre-adsorbed) (right), followed by <u>ARG21775</u> Pig anti-Goat IgG (H+L) antibody (Biotin) (pre-adsorbed), <u>ARG23912</u> Streptavidin (HRP), DAB and hematoxylin.