

Product datasheet

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ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8]

Package: 50 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [5E8] recognizes GAP43

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms, Rat

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-Fr, WB

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 5E8

Isotype IgG1

Target Name GAP43

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant full-length Human GAP43.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names pp46; Growth-associated protein 43; B-50; Neuromodulin; PP46; Axonal membrane protein GAP-43;

Neural phosphoprotein B-50

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:1000 - 1:5000
	IHC-Fr	1:1000 - 1:5000
	WB	1:1000 - 1:5000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Stabilizer

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification.

Buffer PBS and 50% Glycerol.

50% Glycerol

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol GAP43

Gene Full Name growth associated protein 43

Background

The protein encoded by this gene has been termed a 'growth' or 'plasticity' protein because it is

expressed at high levels in peuronal growth copes during development and avonal regeneration. This

expressed at high levels in neuronal growth cones during development and axonal regeneration. This protein is considered a crucial component of an effective regenerative response in the nervous system. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function This protein is associated with nerve growth. It is a major component of the motile "growth cones" that

form the tips of elongating axons. Plays a role in axonal and dendritic filopodia induction. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 25 kD

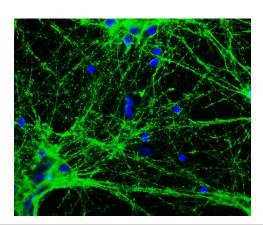
PTM Phosphorylated at Ser-41 by PHK. Phosphorylation of this protein by a protein kinase C is specifically

correlated with certain forms of synaptic plasticity.

Palmitoylation by ARF6 is essential for plasma membrane association and axonal and dendritic filopodia

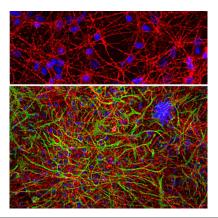
induction. Deacylated by LYPLA2.

Images



ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] ICC/IF image

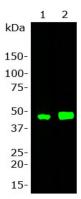
Immunocytochemistry: Mixed Rat neuronal cultures stained with ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] (green). The GAP43 antibody stains the plasma membrane of neurons and is particularly concentrated in dendrites.



ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] ICC/IF image

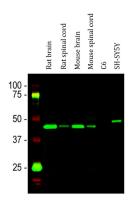
Immunofluorescence: Cortical neuron-glial cells from E20 Rat stained with ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] (red) at 1:1000 dilution and costained with <u>ARG52313</u> anti-GFAP antibody (green) at 1:2000 dilution. DAPI (blue) for nuclear staining.

The GAP43 antibody labels protein expressed in the axonal membrane of neuronal cells, while the GFAP antibody stains astroglial cells.



ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] WB image

Western blot: 1) SH-SY5Y cell lysate, and 2) whole Rat brain lysate was stained with ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] at 1: 2000 dilution.



ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] WB image

Western blot: Rat brain, Rat spinal cord, Mouse brain, Mouse spinal cord, C6 and SH-SY5Y cell lysates stained with ARG10716 anti-GAP43 antibody [5E8] (green) at 1:2000 dilution.

The protein is expressed in rodent and Human neurons and neuronal derived cells but not in C6 cells which are of glial origin.