

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG10048 anti-serum Amyloid A antibody [585]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [585] recognizes serum Amyloid A

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application ELISA, WB

Specificity Does not show any cross-reaction with other human cytokines or growth factors tested such as IL-1β,

IL-8, MCAF, TGF-β and EGF.

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone 585

Isotype IgG2b, kappa

Target Name serum Amyloid A

Species Human

Immunogen Highly purified recombinant human serum Amyloid A (MW: 12 kDa)

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names 2-104; 2-103; 2-102; Serum amyloid A-1 protein; TP53I4; SAA; Amyloid fibril protein AA; SAA2; PIG4;

4-101; 3-104

## **Application Instructions**

**Application Note** 

Western Blot: The antibody, when used at concentration of 0.1- $0.5\mu g/mL$  will allow visualization of 100 ng/lane of recombinant human SAA.

\* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Protein G affinity purified

Buffer 0.01M PBS (pH 7.2)

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed

before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

### Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 6288 Human

Swiss-port # PODJI8 Human

Gene Symbol SAA1

Gene Full Name serum amyloid A1

Background This gene encodes a member of the serum amyloid A family of apolipoproteins. The encoded protein is

a major acute phase protein that is highly expressed in response to inflammation and tissue injury. This protein also plays an important role in HDL metabolism and cholesterol homeostasis. High levels of this protein are associated with chronic inflammatory diseases including atherosclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, Alzheimer's disease and Crohn's disease. This protein may also be a potential biomarker for certain tumors. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein. A

pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 11.[provided by RefSeq, Jun 2012]

Function Major acute phase protein. [UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Metabolism antibody

Calculated Mw 14 kDa

PTM This protein is the precursor of amyloid protein A, which is formed by the removal of approximately 24

residues from the C-terminal end.